AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 6, 1996
AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 9, 1996
AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 1, 1996
AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 26, 1996
AMENDED IN SENATE SEPTEMBER 12, 1995
AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 6, 1995
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 30, 1995

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—1995-96 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1849

Introduced by Assembly Member Sher

February 24, 1995

An act to amend Section 41712 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to air pollution.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1849, as amended, Sher. Air pollution: volatile organic compounds.

(1) Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations to achieve the maximum feasible reduction in reactive organic compounds emitted by consumer products, if the state board determines that adequate data exists for the state board to adopt the regulations.

This bill would apply those provisions to volatile organic compounds instead of reactive organic compounds and

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would, instead, require the state board to adopt those regulations if the state board determines that adequate data exists to establish that the regulations are necessary to attain state and federal ambient air quality standards and are commercially and technologically feasible and necessary. The bill would prohibit a regulation from being adopted which requires the elimination of a product form.

the sale The bill would authorize of previously manufactured consumer product for 3 years from such regulation, effective date of any under specified conditions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: ves. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 41712 of the Health and Safety 1 Code is amended to read:
- 3 41712. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meaning:
- product" (1) "Consumer 5 means a chemically formulated product used by household and institutional consumers, including, but not limited to, 7 detergents; cleaning compounds; polishes; floor finishes; cosmetics; products; garden 9 personal care home, lawn, and 10 products; disinfectants; sanitizers; aerosol paints; and automotive specialty products; but does not include other products, 12 paint furniture coatings, architectural coatings. 13
- (2) "Health benefit product" means an antimicrobial 14 15 product registered with the Environmental 16 Agency.

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- (3) "Maximum feasible reduction in volatile organic 18 compounds emitted" means at least a 60 percent reduction in the emissions of volatile organic compounds 20 resulting from the use of aerosol paints, calculated with 21 respect to the 1989 baseline year.
- (4) "Medical expert" means a physician, including a 22 23 pediatrician, a microbiologist, or a scientist involved in

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research related to infectious disease and infection 2 control.

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- (b) The state board shall adopt regulations to achieve the maximum feasible reduction in volatile organic compounds emitted by consumer products, if the state board determines that adequate data exists to establish both of the following:
- (1) The regulations are necessary to attain state and federal ambient air quality standards.
- regulations (2) The commercially and technologically feasible and necessary.
- (c) A regulation shall not be adopted which requires the elimination of a product form.
- (d) The state board shall not adopt regulations 15 pursuant to subdivision (b) unless the regulations are technologically and commercially feasible, and necessary to carry out this division. The state board shall consider 18 the effect that the regulations proposed for health benefit products will have on the efficacy of those products in 20 killing or inactivating agents of infectious diseases such as viruses, bacteria, and fungi, and the impact regulations will have on the availability of health benefit products to California consumers.
- (e) (1) Prior to adopting regulations pursuant to this 25 section governing health benefit products, including, but not limited to, disinfectants, the state board shall consider any recommendations received from federal, state, or local public health agencies and medical experts in the field of public health.
- (2) Within 30 days after the adoption of any regulation to this section governing health benefit products, the state board shall prepare and submit to the 33 Legislature and the Governor a report which summarizes 34 any recommendations received pursuant to paragraph 35 (1) and any conclusions made by the state board 36 concerning the recommendations.
- (f) A district shall adopt no regulation relating to a 38 consumer product which is different than any regulation adopted by the state board for that purpose.

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- (g) A consumer product manufactured prior to each effective date specified in regulations adopted by the state board pursuant to this section that applies to that consumer product may be sold, supplied, or offered for 5 sale for a period of not more than three years from the specified effective date if the date of manufacture or a representative date code is clearly displayed on the product at the point of sale. An explanation of the date code shall be filed with the state board.
- (h) (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that air 11 pollution control standards affecting the formulation of aerosol paints and limiting the emissions of volatile organic compounds resulting from the use of aerosol paints be set solely by the state board to ensure uniform standards applicable on a statewide basis. A district shall 16 not adopt or enforce any regulation regarding the volatile organic compound content of, or emissions from, aerosol paints until such time as the state board has adopted a 19 regulation regarding those paints, and any 20 regulation shall not be different than the state board 21 regulation. A district may observe and enforce a state 22 board regulation regarding aerosol paints in the same 23 manner as a district regulation limiting the issuance of air contaminants. This subdivision shall not apply to any 25 district that has adopted a rule or regulation regarding aerosol paints pursuant to an order of a federal court, until such time as the federal court has authorized the district to observe and enforce the state board regulation in lieu of the district regulation.
- (2) On or before January 1, 1995, the state board shall regulations requiring the maximum 32 reduction in volatile organic compounds emitted from 33 the use of aerosol paints. The regulations shall establish 34 final limits and require full compliance not later than 35 December 31, 1999, and shall establish interim limits prior 36 to that date resulting in reductions in reactive organic compounds.
- 38 (3) On or before December 31, 1998, the state board shall conduct a public hearing on the technological or commercial feasibility of achieving full compliance with

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the final limits by December 31, 1999. If the state board determines that a 60 percent reduction in emissions of reactive organic compounds from the use of aerosol paints is not technologically or commercially feasible by 5 December 31, 1999, it may grant an extension of time not to exceed five years. During any such extension of time, the most stringent interim limits shall be applicable. Any regulation adopted by the state board shall include a provision authorizing the time extension and requiring a 9 10 public hearing on technological or commercial feasibility consistent with this subdivision. The state board shall seek to ensure that the final limits for aerosol paints established 12 pursuant to this subdivision do not become federally 14 enforceable prior to the effective date established by the state board for these limits, including any extension 15 16 granted under this subdivision. 17

17 (4) Reductions required for aerosol paints under this 18 subdivision are not intended to apply to any other 19 consumer product and the regulation of aerosol paints is 20 not subject to subdivision (c).